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Biofuels Statutory Citations

State of Oregon

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STATE OF OREGON

This compilation of state statutory citations focuses predominantly on biofuels laws in effect January 1, 1970 through December 31, 2013. In some instances, regulations have been included in the compilation due to their significance. This compilation is intended to serve as a researcher-friendly inventory of state laws by providing the formal title of relevant legislation, the standard legal citation for each statute and a brief description of the law. Some statutes and regulations listed do not specifically relate to biofuels, but are included because of their complementary relationship to the evolution of biofuels law in the state. These statutes are placed in reverse chronological order using the date of the most recent amendment to the statute. Many biofuels laws were enacted as amendments to previously passed laws.

Title	Citation	Applicability	Description
Alternative Fuel Vehicle Loan Program (2014)	OR. REV. STAT. §§ 469.960 TO 469.966	Both	Revolving fund provides public agencies, tribes, and private entities with loan interest loans to cover incremental costs of purchasing alternative fuel vehicles or converting existing vehicles to run on these fuels.
Vehicle Fuels (2013)	OR. REV. STAT. §§ 646.913; 646.921 TO 646.922	Both	Requires most gasoline sold in the state to be blended with 10% ethanol, and diesel sold in the state to be blended with 2% biodiesel. Biodiesel blend requirements increase 5% once annual in-state biodiesel production reaches 15 million gallons.
Small Scale Local Energy Loan Program (2013)	OR. REV. STAT. §§ 470.050 TO 470.310	Both	Provides loans for alternative fuel projects, including fuel production facilities, dedicated feedstock production, fueling stations, and fleet vehicles. Available for residents as well as public and private entities.
Biodiesel Fuel Tax Exemption (2013)	OR. REV. STAT. § 319.530	Biodiesel	Diesel containing at least 20% biodiesel from cooking oil is exempt from the state fuel tax, unless it is used in large vehicles or sold in bulk/retail. Expires Jan. 1, 2020.

Transportation Projects Income Tax Credit (2013)	OR. REV. STAT. § 315.336	Both	Income tax credit, not to exceed 35% of the cost of an alternative fuel vehicle project, which includes installation of a facility to mix, store, or dispense alternative fuels, or the purchase/modification of 2 or more fleet vehicles to run on alternative fuels.
Transportation Projects (2013)	OR. REV. STAT. §§ 469B.320 TO 469B.347	Both	Provides additional guidance and stipulations related to the transportation projects income tax credit (315.336).
Biomass for Biofuel Tax Credit (2013)	OR. REV. STAT. §§ 315.141; 469B.403	Both	Income tax credit for residents (or excise tax credit for businesses) that produce or collect certain biomass feedstocks within the state to be used in biofuel production.
Rural Renewable Energy Tax Exemption (2013)	OR. REV. STAT. §§ 285C.350; 285C.370	Both	Property (structures) used to produce biofuels may be eligible for a property tax exemption, if located within a designated Renewable Energy Development Zone.
Alternative Fuel Income Tax Credit (2012)	OR. REV. STAT. § 316.116	Both	Income tax credit for residents that install alternative energy devices in their homes, or purchase or modify an alternative fuel vehicle.
Alternative Energy Devices (2012)	OR. REV. STAT. §§ 469B.100 TO 469B.118	Both	Provides additional guidance and stipulations related to the alternative fuel income tax credit (316.116) and the alternative fuel business tax credit (317.115).
Renewable Energy Resources (2012)	OR. REV. STAT. §§ 469B.130 TO 469B.171	Both	Provides additional guidance and stipulations related to the energy conservation tax credit (315.354).
Alternative Fuel Business Tax Credit (2011)	OR. REV. STAT. § 317.115	Both	Excise tax credit for businesses that construct/install fueling stations for alternative fuel vehicles.
Biofuel Consumer Income Tax Credit (2011)	OR. REV. STAT. §§ 315.465; 469B.400	Both	Provides consumers that purchase E85 or B99 for motor vehicle use, an income tax credit of \$0.50/gallon, up to \$200, for each of their registered alternative fuel vehicles.

Energy Conservation Tax Credit (2011)	OR. REV. STAT. § 315.354	Both	Income tax credit for residents (or excise tax credit for businesses) that install a certified energy conservation facility, which includes but is not limited to the manufacture, distribution, and consumption of alternative fuels and the necessary related equipment.
Biofuel Heating Income Tax Credit (2007)	OR. REV. STAT. § 315.469	Biodiesel	Provides consumers that purchase B20 for use in heating their home, an income tax credit of \$0.05/gallon, up to \$200.
Alternative Fuel Fleet (2007)	OR. REV. STAT. §§ 283.327; 267.030	Both	Requires state agencies and transit districts to purchase alternative fuel vehicles and use alternative fuels in these vehicles to the maximum extent possible, except when it is not economically or logistically feasible.
Pump Labels (1997)	OR. REV. STAT. § 646.915	Both	Requires retail pumps that dispense biofuel blends to be labeled as such.