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Biofuels Statutory Citations

District of Columbia

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DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

This compilation of state statutory citations focuses predominantly on biofuels laws in effect January 1, 1970 through December 31, 2007. In some instances, regulations have been included in the compilation due to their significance. This compilation is intended to serve as a researcher-friendly inventory of state laws by providing the formal title of relevant legislation, the standard legal citation for each statute and a brief description of the law. Some statutes and regulations listed do not specifically relate to biofuels, but are included because of their complementary relationship to the evolution of biofuels law in the state. These statutes are placed in reverse chronological order using the date of the most recent amendment to the statute. Many biofuels laws were enacted as amendments to previously passed laws.

Title	Citation	Applicability	Description
Motor Vehicles Reform Amendment Act of 2004- Alt. Fuel Vehicle Tax Exemption (2009)	D.C. CODE ANN. §§ 50-2201.03 (j)(3)(J) & 50-1501.03	Both	The District of Columbia Department of Motor Vehicles Reform Amendment Act of 2004 allows for the exemption of vehicle excise taxes for owners of HEVs, AFVs, electric, fuel cell and lean-burn vehicles, provided that the vehicle qualifies for the federal tax credit under the Energy Policy Act of 2005. Additionally, vehicle registration fees for qualified HEVs and AFVs are reduced to \$36 per year.

Clean Cars Act (1995)	D.C. CODE ANN. §§ 50-731 to 50-732	Both	The Mayor shall establish and maintain a low-emissions vehicle program by adopting California emissions standards and compliance requirements applicable to vehicles of model year 2012, and each model year thereafter, pursuant to section 177 of the Clean Air Act, approved August 7, 1977
Alternative Fuels Technology (1995)	D.C. CODE ANN. §§ 50-701 to 50-715	Both	For covered fleets, 70% of newly purchased vehicles with a Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) of 8,500 pounds (lbs.) or less, and 50% of vehicles with a GVWR between 8,500 lbs. and 26,000 lbs., must be clean fuel vehicles. A clean fuel is any fuel, including methanol, ethanol (including E85), reformulated gasoline, diesel, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas, hydrogen, or other power source (including electricity) used in a clean fuel vehicle that complies with standards and requirements applicable to such vehicles when using these fuels or other power source.